MANAGING DEGENERATIVE SHOULDER PAIN

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Hand & Upper Extremity





I have no disclosures relevant to the material presented in this discussion.





Managing Shoulder Pain

Practical Application in the Primary Practice Setting









TAMPA GENERAL / FLORIDA ORTHPAEDIC INSTITUTUE

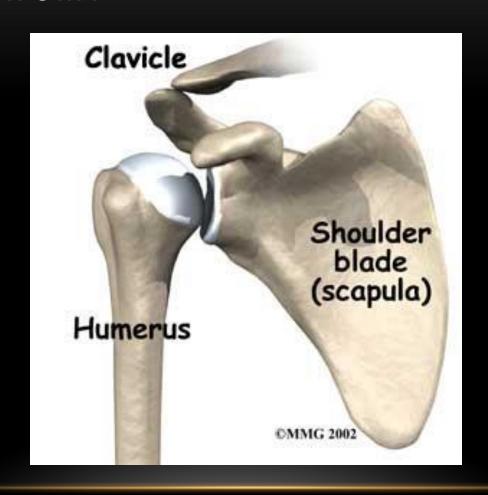




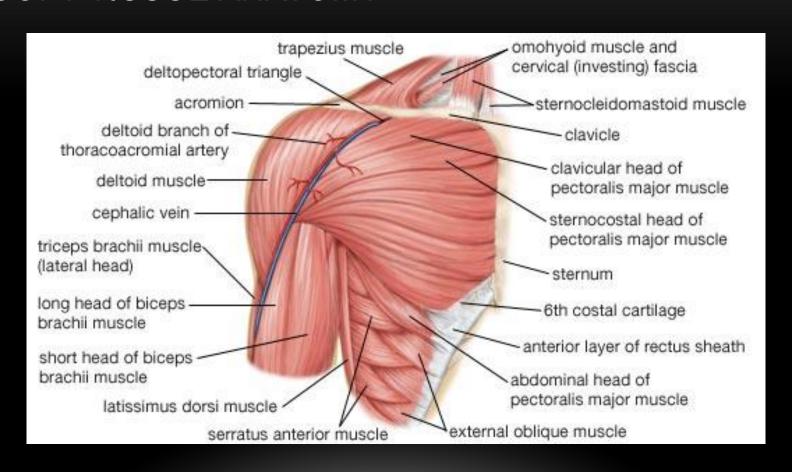
SHOULDER PATHOLOGY

- Primary Osteoarthritis
- Traumatic Osteoarthritis
- Inflammatory Osteoarthritis
- Osteonecrosis
- Capsulorrhaphy Induced Osteoarthritis
- Rotator Cuff Arthropathy

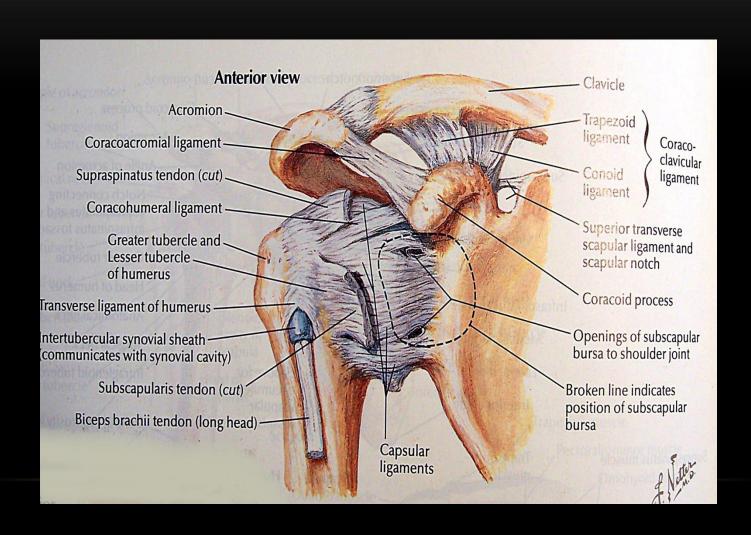
BONY ANATOMY



SOFT TISSUE ANATOMY



SOFT TISSUE ANATOMY

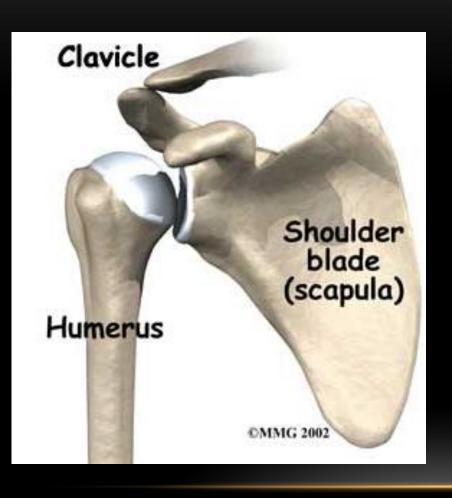


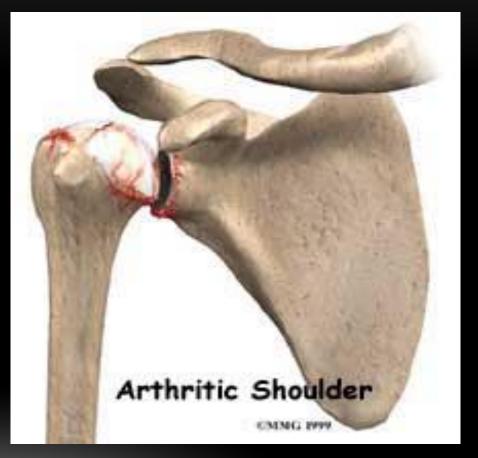
PRIMARY GLENOHUMERAL OSTEOARTHRITIS

- Insidious onset
- Painful arc of motion
- Dull pain ache
- Loss of external rotation
- Crepitus with ROM



LOSS OF ARTICULAR CARTILAGE











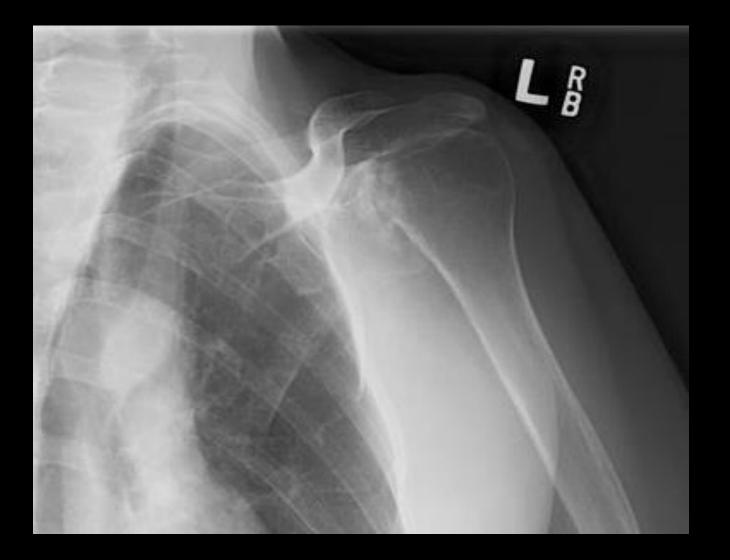


POSTTRAUMATIC ARTHRITIS

- > Pathogenesis due to injury inflicted on articular cartilage
 - Multiple dislocations
 - Fall / Blunt trauma
- Clinical finding's similar to primary OA except usually younger

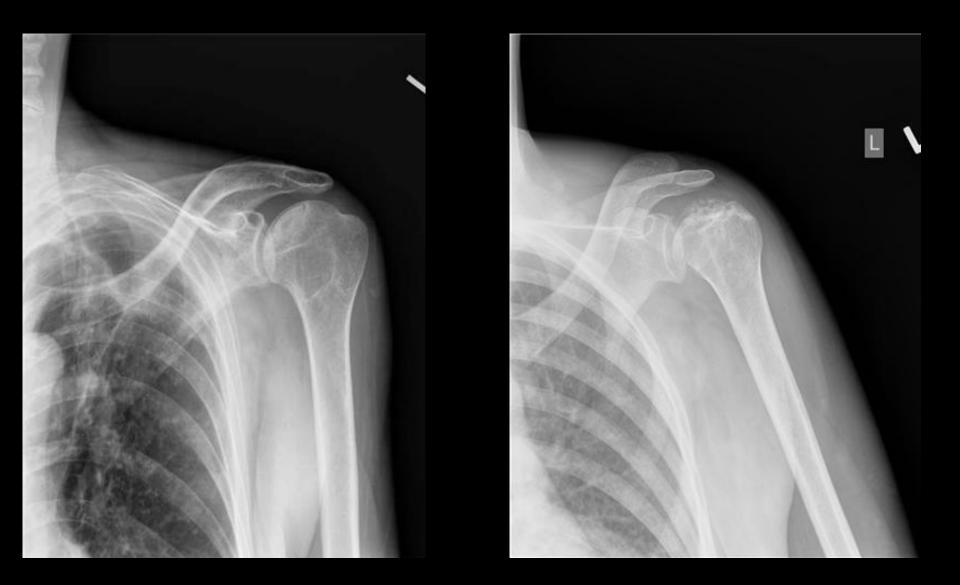
INFLAMMATORY ARTHRITIS

- Very similar to osteoarthritis
- Have to consider how soft tissues are affected
- May present at a younger age



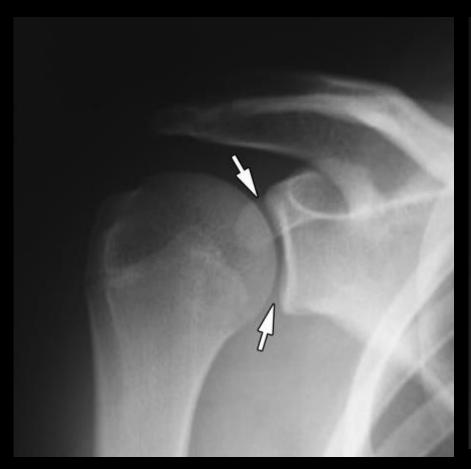
OSTEONECROSIS

- Loss of blood supply to humeral head
- Leads to progressive collapse
- Etiologies
 - Alcoholism
 - Steroid therapy
 - > HIV
 - Decompression sickness
 - Deposition diseases
 - Gout





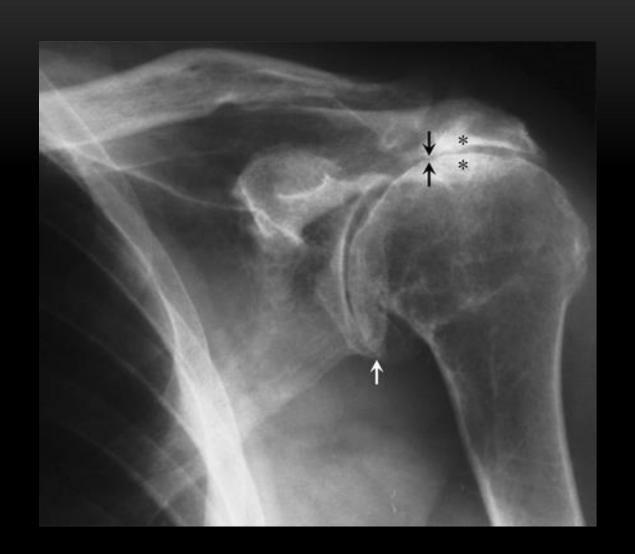
CAPSULORRHAPHY-INDUCED ARTHRITIS





ROTATOR CUFF TEAR ARTHROPATHY

- Massive rotator cuff tear
- Humeral head elevation
- Articular cartilage loss
- Severe functional loss

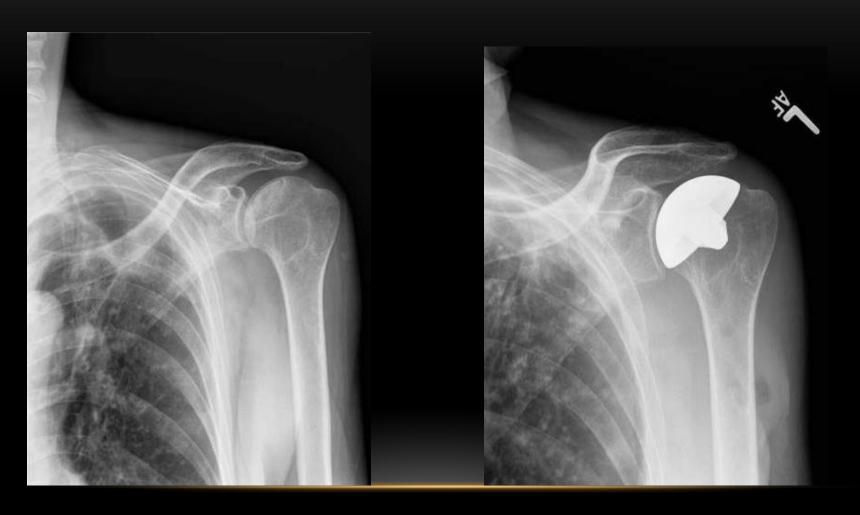


TREATMENT OPTIONS

AGE AND FUNCTION DEPENDENT

- Nonsurgical
 - Rest
 - Anti-inflammatories
 - Injection
 - > PT
 - Visco-supplementation
- Surgical
 - Arthroscopic Debridement
 - Best for early OA with capsular contracture
 - Biologic resurfacing
 - Arthroplasty

HUMERAL HEAD RESURFACING



HUMERAL HEAD RESURFACING





ANATOMIC TOTAL SHOULDER ARTHROPLASTY



PRIMARY TOTAL SHOULDER ARTHROPLASTY









PRIMARY TOTAL SHOULDER ARTHROPLASTY



REVERSE TSA

- Indications
 - Rotator Cuff Tear Arthropathy
 - > Failed hemiarthroplasty / total shoulder
- Expanded indications
 - Proximal humerus fractures
 - Nonunions

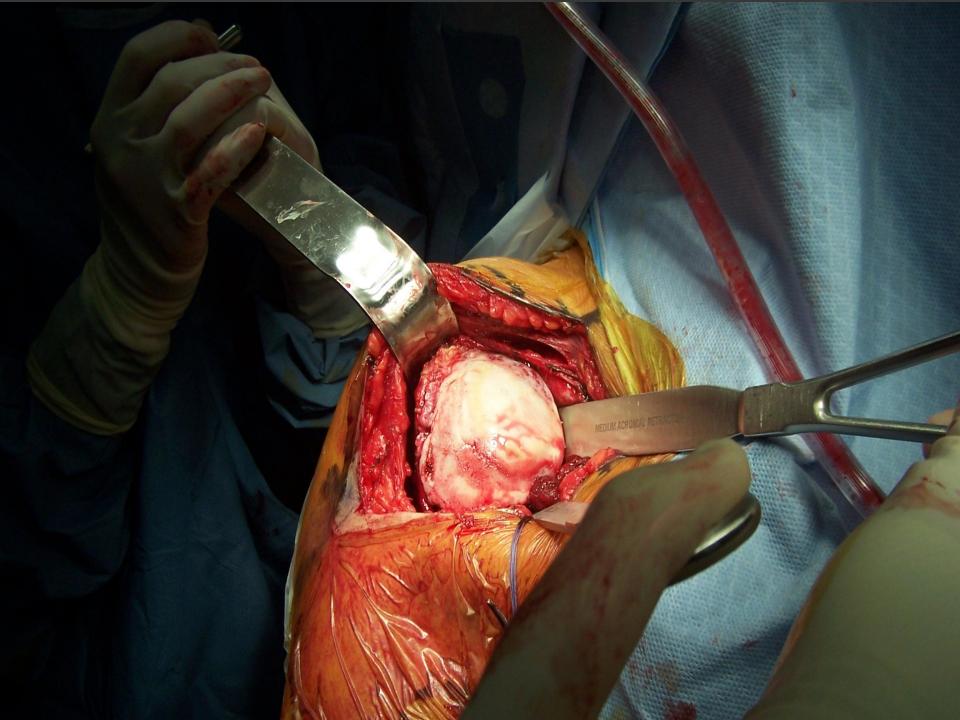
ONE STEM...TWO SOLUTIONS

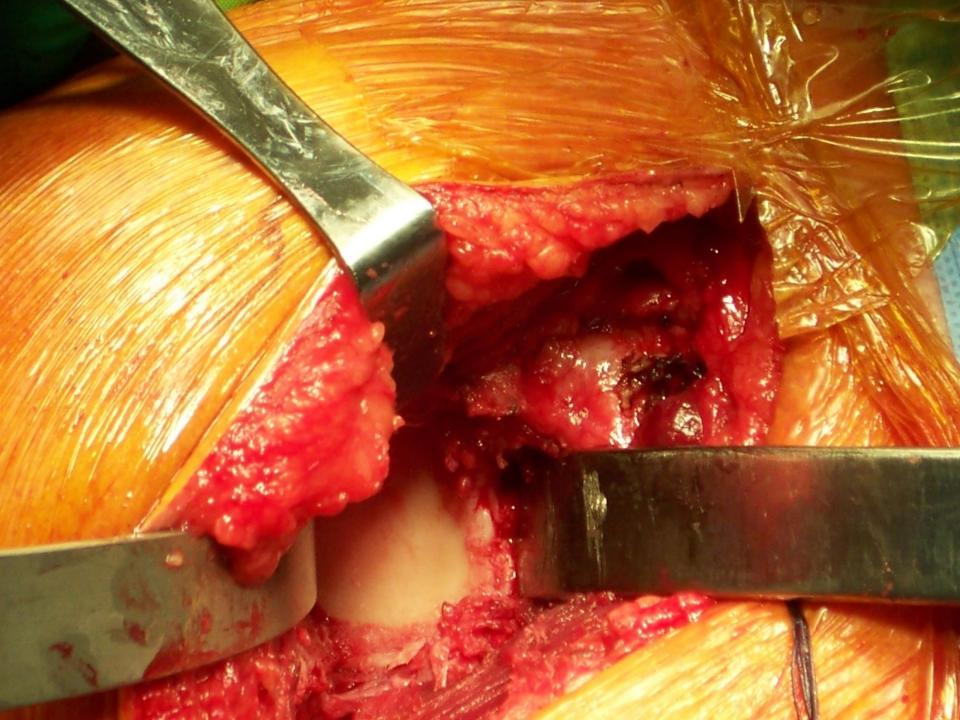


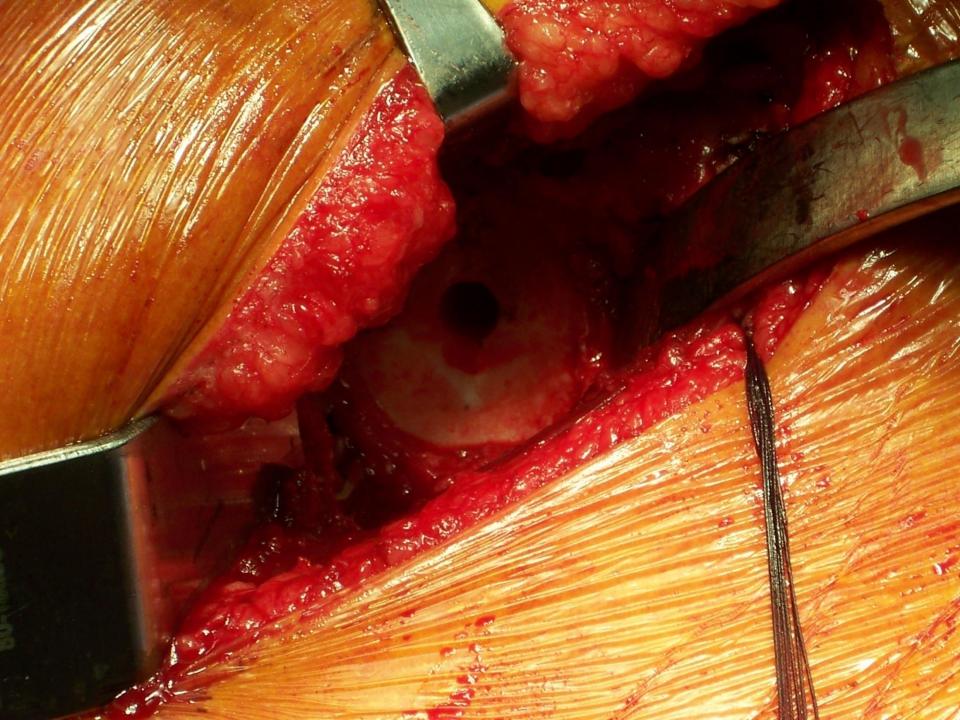


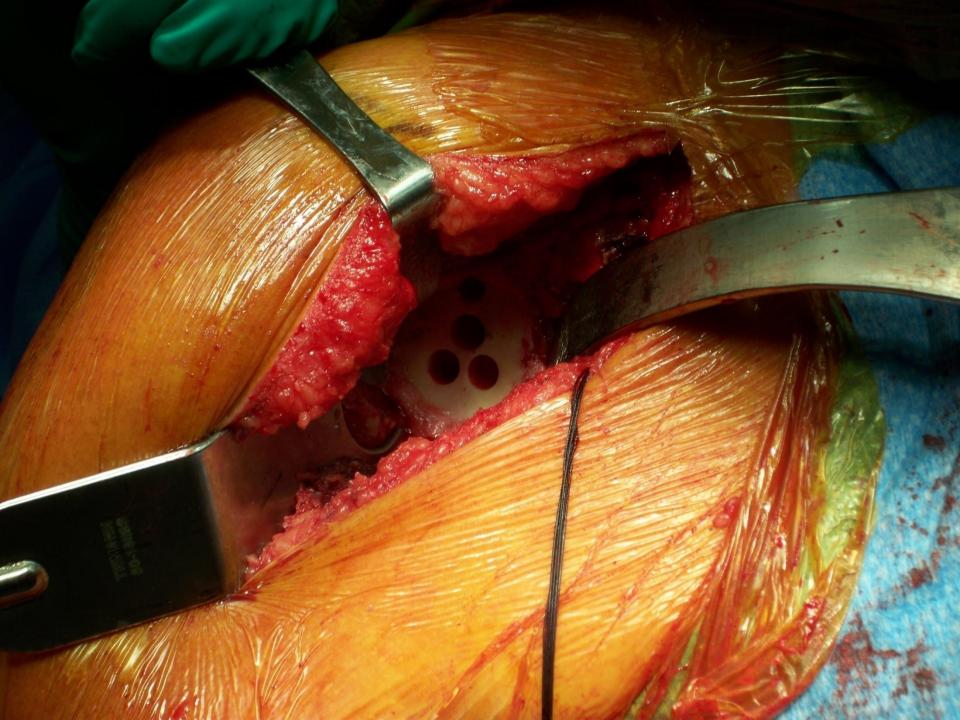
Patient with TSA was in an accident and had irreparable rotator cuff tear

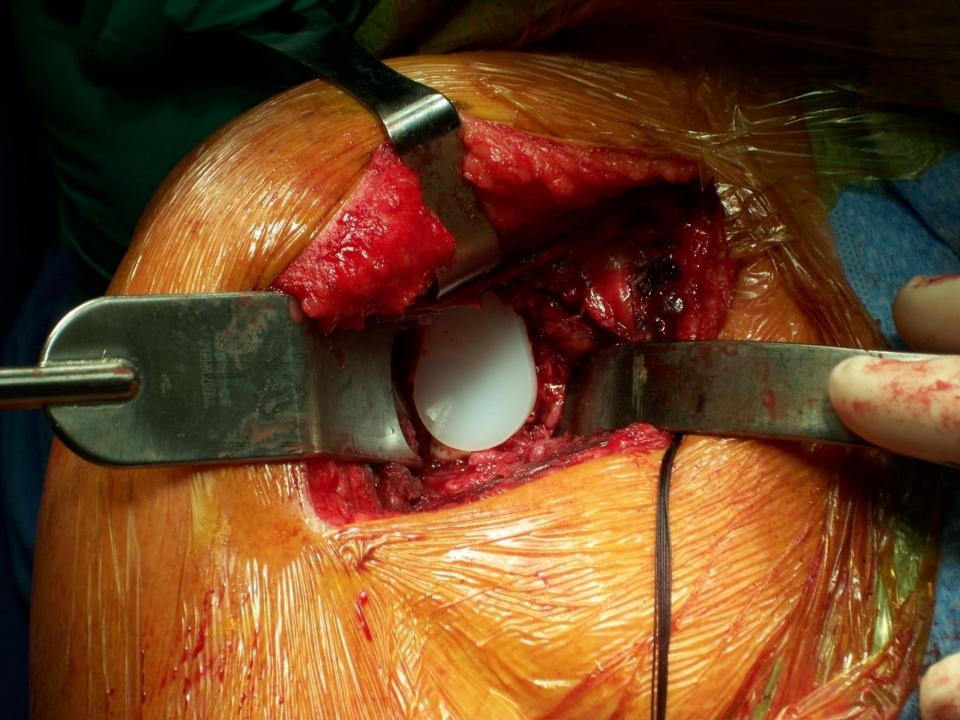
Ability to convert from a total shoulder to a reverse without having to remove the stem



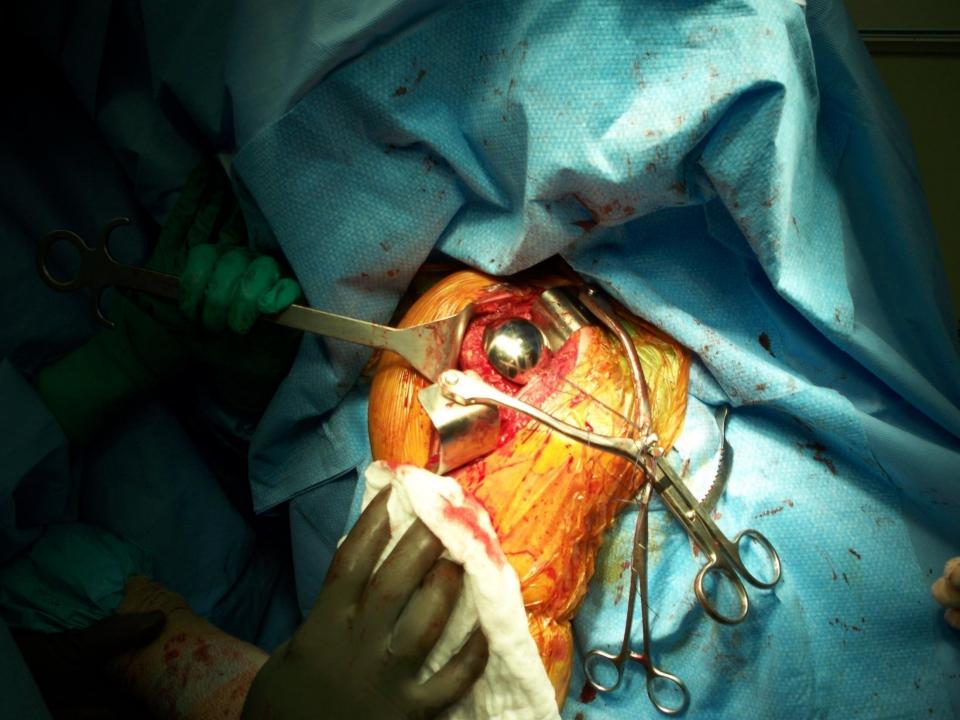












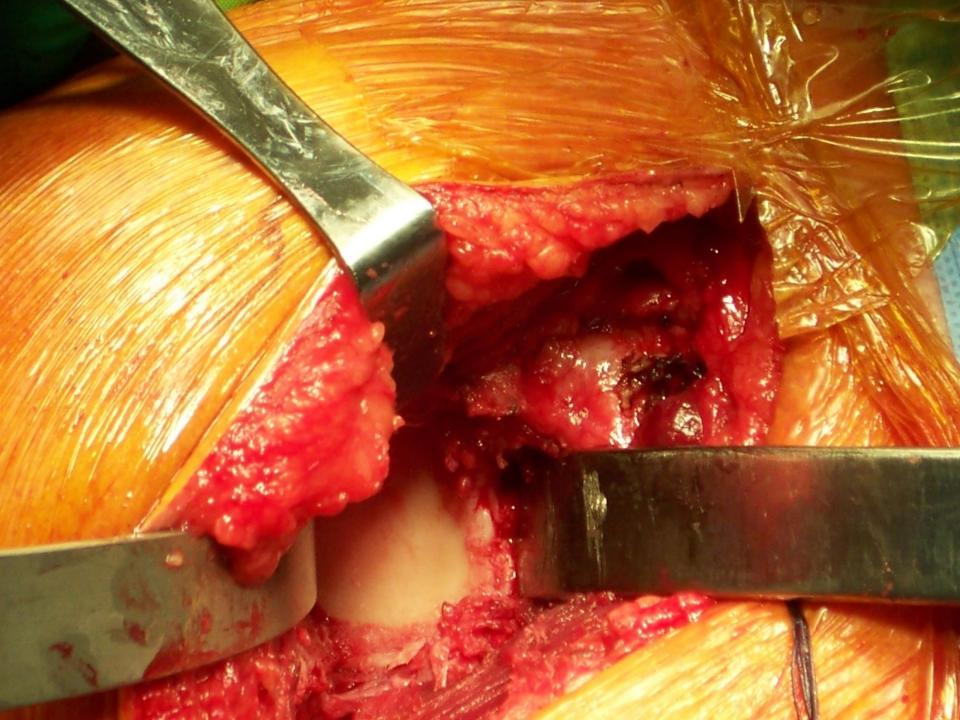
REVERSE TOTAL SHOULDER ARTHROPLASTY

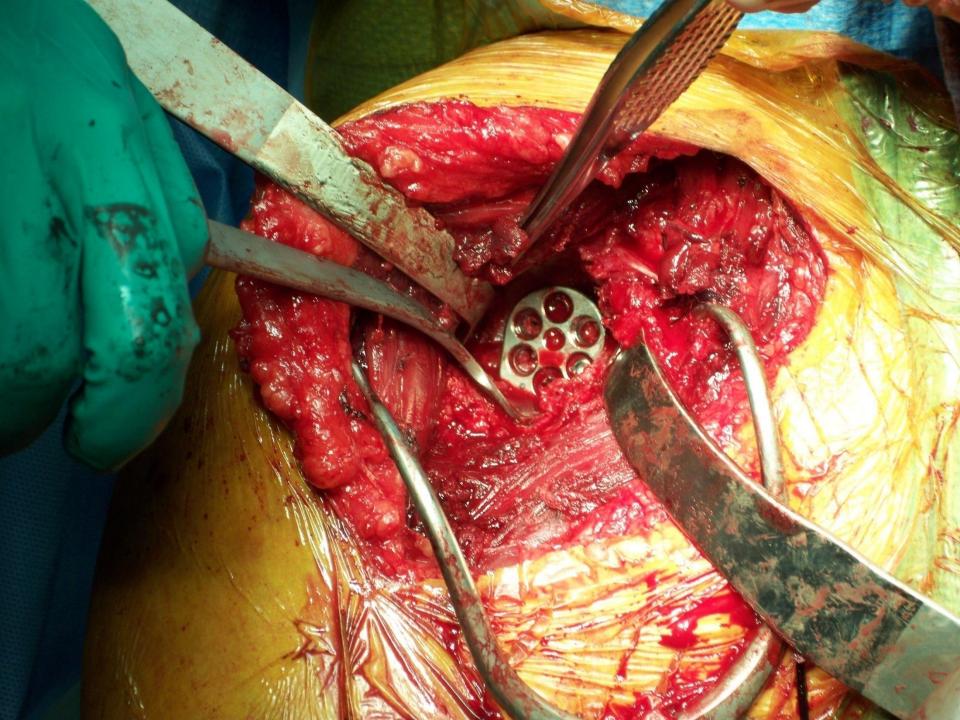


REVERSE TOTAL SHOULDER ARTHROPLASTY









POST-OP PROTOCOL

- Primary TSA vs. Reverse?
- Weeks 0-3
 - > Shoulder Immobilizer
 - > Ice
 - PROM / Pendulum
- Weeks 3-6
 - AAROM
 - Pulley
- Weeks 6-12
 - > AROM
 - Strengthening

OUTCOMES

- National outcomes database
- Low vs. high volume surgeons
- Lower mortality and complications in HVS
- Better outcomes in HVS
- Shorter hospital stay in HVS

Jain N, *JBJS* 2004:86:496-505

NEXT GENERATION PLATFORM STEM

Equinoxe® Preserve stem

- Compatible with the Equinoxe shoulder system
- Designed to preserve distal humeral bone while also achieving optimal stability and fixation
- Focuses on anatomical replication
- Provides flexibility to choose between anatomic and reverse intraoperatively





WHY GUIDED PERSONALIZED SURGERY?

- Every shoulder is unique.
- ExactechGPS allows the surgeon to personalize the total shoulder replacement procedure based on the patient's own anatomy and function.

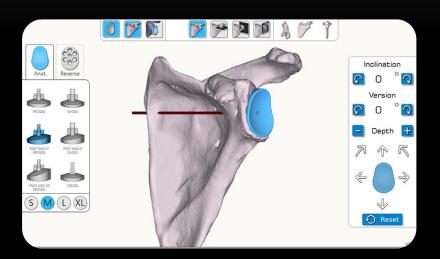




WHY GUIDED PERSONALIZED SURGERY?

- Provides surgeons with real-time visual guidance in total shoulder surgery.
- Combines surgeon expertise with a computer system to perform your shoulder surgery with a goal of advanced accuracy and precision, allowing for simple adjustments and implant alignment personalized to your unique anatomy.

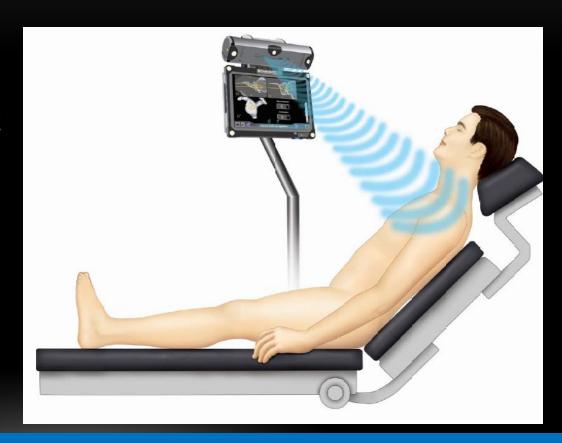




The ExactechGPS application's preoperative planning tool is designed to help surgeons understand their patient's anatomy prior to surgery and plan the surgery through a virtual simulation.



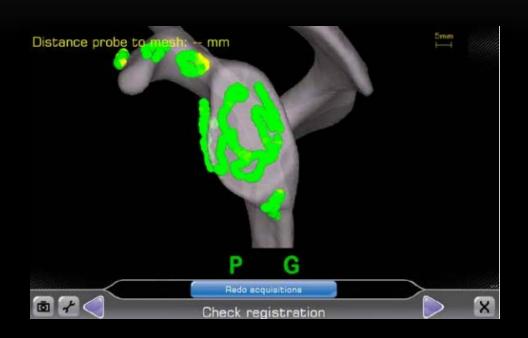
A touch screen display unit is attached next to the patient on the OR table.





During surgery, a tracker placed on the patient's bone sends data on the anatomical structure and joint movements to the computer.

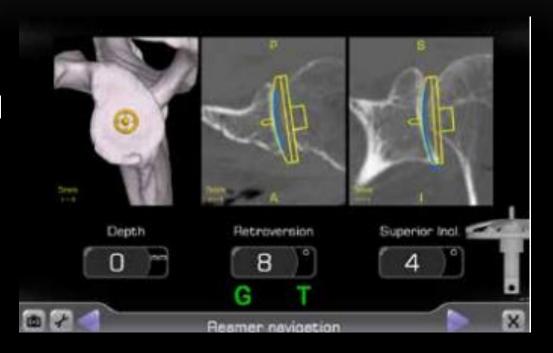


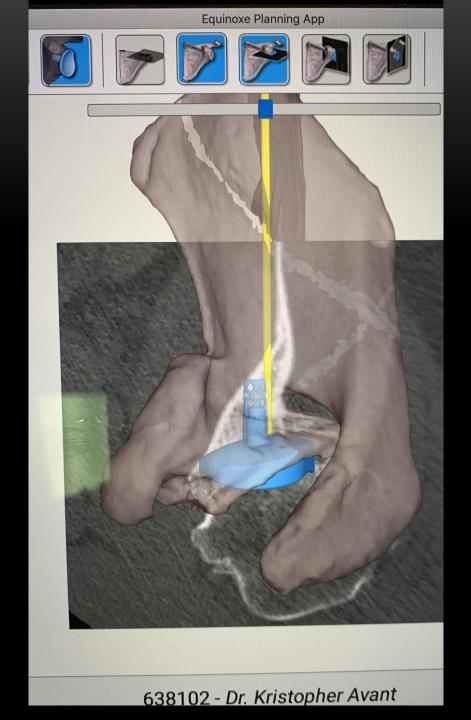


The computer analyzes the information it has gathered and displays the bone as a 3D model with calculated key measurements.



The images on the screen allow the surgeon to verify where to remove bone and appropriately place the implant.









BENEFITS

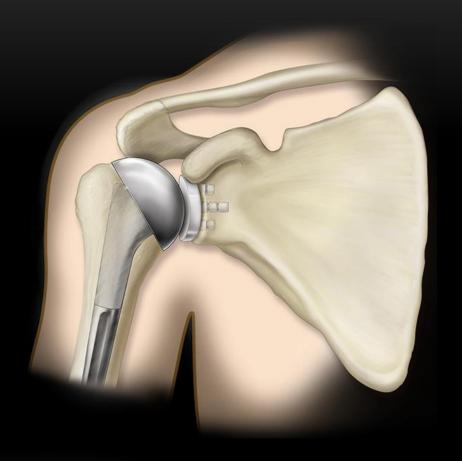
3D visuals and accurate measurements help with:

- Improved visibility of the shoulder joint
- Accurate placement of shoulder implant



BENEFITS

Accurate placement and alignment of the implant components are critical to the overall longevity and function of the implant.



SUMMARY

- Many different causes of shoulder arthritis
- Multiple levels of treatment
- Treatment should match the patient
- Surgical reconstructions have limits



THANK YOU!!!

